MISCELLANEOUS NOTES

1. OCCURRENCE OF AN ALBINO RAT-TAILED BAT; RHINOPOMA MICROPHYLLUM KINNEARI WROUGHTON IN THE INDIAN DESERT

(With a text-figure)

Albino bats in some species, Miniopterus schreibersii (Kahrau 1972), Myotis lucifugus (Smith 1982), Rousettus leschenaulti (Karim 1983) (and for other species see Allen 1939) have already been reported but there is no such report in the case of Rhinopoma microphyllum kinneari; a common species of the Indian subcontinent.

During the present survey, a male albino of *R. m. kinneari* (Fig. 1) was collected from a bat colony situated below the elevated site of convocation ground of University of Jodhpur, India. This is probably the first report on the presence of albinism in this species.

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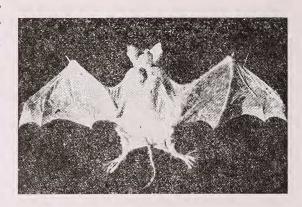


Fig. 1. Albino Rat-tailed bat, Rhinopoma microphyllum kinneari Wroughton.

U.S. BHATI

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KARIM, K. B. (1983): A note on an albino Rou-

settus leschenaulti. Bat Res. News. 24(4): 39-40. SMITH, H. C. (1982): An albino little brown bat, Myotis lucifugus, from Alberta. Canada. Field Natur. 96: 217.

2. HABITAT SHARING BY HANUMAN LANGURS AND INDIAN FLYING FOXES

The eastern fringe of the great Indian desert at Jodhpur, Rajasthan harbours Indian flying fox, *Pteropus giganteus giganteus* Brünnich and Hanuman langur, *Presbytis entellus entellus* Dufrésne, which is also the extreme zoogeographic limit of their distribution in Thar